

Megagloss HG

Product description

This is a two component chemically curing linear polyester based coating. It is a premium high solids topcoat with high gloss finish and excellent Distinctness of Image (DOI). It has excellent abrasion resistance, flexibility and colour and gloss retention. To be used as topcoat in atmospheric environments.

Scope

The Application Guide offers product details and recommended practices for the use of the product.

The data and information provided are not definite requirements. They are guidelines to assist with efficient and safe use, and optimum service of the product. Adherence to the guidelines does not relieve the applicator of responsibility for ensuring that the work meets specification requirements. Jotuns liability is in accordance with general product liability rules.

The Application Guide (AG) must be read in conjunction with the relevant specification, Technical Data Sheet (TDS) and Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for all the products used as part of the coating system.

Referred standards

Reference is generally made to ISO Standards. When using standards from other regions it is recommended to reference only one corresponding standard for the substrate being treated.

Surface preparation

The required quality of surface preparation can vary depending on the area of use, expected durability and if applicable, project specification.

When preparing new surfaces, maintaining already coated surfaces or aged coatings it is necessary to remove all contamination that can interfere with coating adhesion, and prepare a sound substrate for the subsequent product.

Inspect the surface for hydrocarbon and other contamination and if present, remove with an alkaline detergent. Agitate the surface to activate the cleaner and before it dries, wash the treated area using fresh water.

Paint solvents (thinners) shall not be used for general degreasing or preparation of the surface for painting due to the risk of spreading dissolved hydrocarbon contamination. Paint thinners can be used to treat small localized areas of contamination such as marks from marker pens. Use clean, white cotton cloths that are turned and replaced often. Do not bundle used solvent saturated cloths. Place used cloths into water.

Process sequence

Surface preparation and coating should normally be commenced only after all welding, degreasing, removal of sharp edges, weld spatter and treatment of welds is complete. It is important that all hot work is completed before coating commences.

Coated surfaces

Verification of existing coatings including primers

When the surface is an existing coating, verify with technical data sheet and application guide of the involved products, both over coatability and the given maximum over coating interval.

Organic primers/intermediates

The surface of previous coats shall be free from contamination by water, hydrocarbon based products, wax, mud, mortar droppings and loose, chalked and flaking coating. Inspect the surface for hydrocarbon and other contamination and if present, remove with an alkaline emulsifying detergent. Agitate the surface to activate the cleaner and before it dries, wash the treated area by low-pressure water cleaning (ISO 8501-4) using fresh water. Surfaces not contaminated with hydrocarbon deposits shall be washed according to ISO 12944-4, section 6.2.1 Water cleaning using fresh water to reduce surface chlorides. After curing, follow with manual or power tool sanding with aluminium oxide or silicon carbide sandpaper with grit P320 followed with grit P400 to avoid leaving scratch marks. The surface for topcoating should be solvent wiped using Jotun Thinner No. 18. Wipe solvent on with a clean white cotton cloth and then wipe off the solvent with another clean white cotton cloth.

Application

Acceptable environmental conditions - before and during application

Before application, test the atmospheric conditions in the vicinity of the substrate for the dew formation according to ISO 8502-4.

Air temperature	15 - 35	°C
Substrate temperature	15 - 35	°C
Relative Humidity (RH)	35 - 70	%

The following restrictions must be observed:

- Only apply the coating when the substrate temperature is at least 3 °C (5 °F) above the dew point
- Do not apply the coating if the substrate is wet or likely to become wet
- Do not apply the coating if the weather is clearly deteriorating or unfavourable for application or curing
- Do not apply the coating in high wind conditions

Product mixing

Product mixing ratio (by volume)

Megagloss HG Comp A	1 part(s)
Megagloss HG Spray Comp B	1 part(s)
Megagloss HG Comp A	1 part(s)
Megagloss HG Roller Comp B	1 part(s)

Product mixing

A suitable mechanical stirrer must be used to secure homogeneity in each component, and to mix the components thoroughly until an even colour is obtained. If required, additional thinner must be added and thoroughly mixed into the ready mixed paint.

Induction time and Pot life

Paint temperature **23 °C**

Pot life 8 h

The temperature of base and curing agent is recommended to be 18 °C or higher when the product is mixed.

Thinner/Cleaning solvent

Thinner: Jotun Thinner No. 18 / Jotun Thinner No. 19 / Jotun Thinner No. 12

Spray application:

Reduce the viscosity by thinning the product.

15 °C - 18 °C: Jotun Thinner No. 19

18 °C - 27 °C: Jotun Thinner No. 18

27 °C - 35 °C: Mixture of: Jotun Thinner No. 18 (60 %) + Jotun Thinner No. 12 (40 %)

The ideal viscosity of this product is 14-16 seconds when measured with Ford Cup #4 (13-15 seconds with DIN Cup #4).

The ideal relative humidity range is 35-70 % RH.

Brush and roller application:

Reduce the viscosity by thinning the product 5-10 % with Jotun Thinner No. 12.

Application data

Spray application

Pressure feed/pressure pot system:

Pressure in pot: max. 1.2 bar

Spray gun: DeVilbiss Advance HD type or equivalent

Fluid Nozzle and Needle setup: 1.0-1.4 mm

Pressure at air cap: 2.8-3.2 bar

Air cap: CDT - 770 - 797

Fluid flow rate: 200-320 ml/min

Gravity gun system:

Spray gun: DeVilbiss Advance HD type or equivalent

Fluid Nozzle and Needle setup: 1.2-1.4

Pressure at air cap: 2.8-3.2

Air cap: 430 - 443

Fluid flow rate: 170-270 ml/min

Pressure feed/pressure pot system (electrostatic):

Pressure in pot: max. 1.2 bar

Spray gun: Ransflex from Ransburg or equivalent

Fluid Nozzle and Needle setup: 1.0 mm

Pressure at air cap: N/A

Air cap: KV:65

Fluid flow rate: 200-280 ml/min

Substrates: Only apply with electrostatic equipment on approved metal substrates.

Resistivity meter: Ransburg Multifunctional Electrostatic Meter or equivalent

Product resistivity: 10 kOhms - 2 MOhms *

* Jotun recommends that the resistivity of the mixed diluted product is checked prior to application.

Note: Application to be made in wet-on-wet coats to achieve the required DFT as outlined in the TDS.

Film thickness per coat

Typical recommended specification range

Dry film thickness	45 - 90	µm
Wet film thickness	90 - 175	µm
Theoretical spreading rate	11.5 - 5.8	m ² /l

Spray application:

As curing agent, use Megagloss HG Spray Comp B.

Three wet-on-wet coats at 20 µm DFT each are recommended. WFT values are for unthinned product. To achieve the specified DFT after thinning it is necessary to increase the WFT with 20-25 %.

Brush and roller application:

As curing agent, use Megagloss HG Roller Comp B.

To achieve the recommended DFT, multiple coats will be required. Between each coat, allow at least 12 hours. WFT values are for unthinned product. To achieve the specified DFT after thinning it is necessary to increase the WFT with 5-15 %.

Film thickness measurement

Ventilation

Sufficient ventilation is very important to ensure proper drying/curing of the film.

Coating loss

The consumption of paint should be controlled carefully, with thorough planning and a practical approach to reducing loss. Application of liquid coatings will result in some material loss. Understanding the ways that coating can be lost during the application process, and making appropriate changes, can help reducing material loss.

Some of the factors that can influence the loss of coating material are:

- type of spray gun/unit used
- air pressure used for airless pump or for atomization
- orifice size of the spray tip or nozzle
- fan width of the spray tip or nozzle
- the amount of thinner added
- the distance between spray gun and substrate
- the profile or surface roughness of the substrate. Higher profiles will lead to a higher "dead volume"
- the shape of the substrate target
- environmental conditions such as wind and air temperature

Drying and Curing time

Substrate temperature

15 °C 23 °C 35 °C

Spray hardener

Surface (touch) dry	3.5 h	3 h	3 h
Dry to over coat, minimum	10 h	7.5 h	5 h
Dried/cured for service	10 d	7 d	3 d

Roller hardener

Surface (touch) dry	9 h	5 h	3 h
Dry to over coat, minimum	17 h	9 h	5 h
Dried/cured for service	14 d	10 d	7 d

Note:

Minimum drying times for wet-on-wet application:

Spray hardener: Following layer is applied when precedent coat is tacky, and with 25 % solvent addition

Roller hardener: Following layer is applied when precedent coat is tacky dry, and with 10 % solvent addition

Dry to overcoat, minimum (wet-on-wet):

15 °C: 1 h

23 °C: 45 min

35 °C: 30 min

Drying and curing times are determined under controlled temperatures and relative humidity below 85 %, and at average of the DFT range for the product.

Surface (touch) dry: The state of drying when slight pressure with a finger does not leave an imprint or reveal tackiness.

Dry to over coat, minimum: The recommended shortest time before the next coat can be applied.

Dried/cured for service: Minimum time before the coating can be permanently exposed to the intended environment/medium.

Other conditions that can affect drying / curing / over coating

Water/Moisture contamination

If the wet coating is exposed to relative humidity above 85% or to moisture before the coating is at least Walk-on-dry, then blushing may occur. Blushing will cause fading of bright colours, and will affect the gloss. Provided the coating is fully dried/cured the protective properties will not be affected.

All affected areas should be lightly sanded, cleaned and recoated.

Coating film continuity

When required by the specification, the coating shall be tested for film discontinuity according to ASTM D 5162, test method A or B as appropriate for the actual dry film thickness.

All recorded defects shall be repaired by best practical means.

Quality assurance

The following information is the minimum required. The specification may have additional requirements.

- Confirm that all welding and other metal work has been completed before commencing pre-treatment and surface preparation
- Confirm that installed ventilation is balanced and has the capacity to deliver and maintain the RAQ
- Confirm that the required surface preparation standard has been achieved and is held prior to coating application
- Confirm that the climatic conditions are within recommendations in the AG, and are held during the application
- Confirm that the required number of stripe coats have been applied
- Confirm that each coat meets the DFT requirements in the specification
- Confirm that the coating has not been adversely affected by rain or other factors during curing
- Observe that adequate coverage has been achieved on corners, crevices, edges and surfaces where the spray

- gun cannot be positioned so that its spray impinges on the surface at 90° angle
- Observe that the coating is free from defects, discontinuities, insects, abrasive media and other contamination
 - Observe that the coating is free from misses, sags, runs, wrinkles, fat edges, mud cracking, blistering, obvious pinholes, excessive dry spray, heavy brush marks and excessive film build
 - Observe that the uniformity and colour are satisfactory

All noted defects shall be fully repaired to conform to the coating specification.

Caution

This product is for professional use only. The applicators and operators shall be trained, experienced and have the capability and equipment to mix/stir and apply the coatings correctly and according to Jotun's technical documentation. Applicators and operators shall use appropriate personal protection equipment when using this product. This guideline is given based on the current knowledge of the product. Any suggested deviation to suit the site conditions shall be forwarded to the responsible Jotun representative for approval before commencing the work.

For further advice please contact your local Jotun office.

Health and safety

Please observe the precautionary notices displayed on the container. Use under well ventilated conditions. Do not inhale spray mist. Avoid skin contact. Spillage on the skin should immediately be removed with suitable cleanser, soap and water. Eyes should be well flushed with water and medical attention sought immediately.

Accuracy of information

Always refer to and use the current (last issued) version of the TDS, SDS and if available, the AG for this product. Always refer to and use the current (last issued) version of all International and Local Authority Standards referred to in the TDS, AG & SDS for this product.

Colour variation

When applicable, products primarily meant for use as primers or antifouling may have slight colour variations from batch to batch. Such products and epoxy based products used as a finish coat may chalk when exposed to sunlight and weathering.

Colour and gloss retention on topcoats/finish coats may vary depending on type of colour, exposure environment such as temperature, UV intensity etc., application quality and generic type of paint. Contact your local Jotun office for further information.

Reference to related documents

The Application Guide (AG) must be read in conjunction with the relevant specification, Technical Data Sheet (TDS) and Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for all the products used as part of the coating system.

When applicable, refer to the separate application procedure for Jotun products that are approved to classification societies such as PSPC, IMO etc.

Symbols and abbreviations

min = minutes

h = hours

d = days

°C = degree Celsius

° = unit of angle

µm = microns = micrometres

g/l = grams per litre

g/kg = grams per kilogram

m²/l = square metres per litre

mg/m² = milligrams per square metre

psi = unit of pressure, pounds/inch²

Bar = unit of pressure

RH = Relative humidity (% RH)

UV = Ultraviolet

DFT = dry film thickness

WFT = wet film thickness

TDS = Technical Data Sheet

AG = Application Guide

SDS = Safety Data Sheet

VOC = Volatile Organic Compound

MCI = Jotun Multi Colour Industry (tinted colour)

RAQ = Required air quantity

PPE = Personal Protective Equipment

EU = European Union

UK = United Kingdom

EPA = Environmental Protection Agency

ISO = International Standards Organisation

ASTM = American Society of Testing and Materials

AS/NZS = Australian/New Zealand Standards

NACE = National Association of Corrosion Engineers

SSPC = The Society for Protective Coatings

PSPC = Performance Standard for Protective Coatings

IMO = International Maritime Organization

ASFP = Association for Specialist Fire Protection

Disclaimer

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.
